

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be addressed. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. Next, it is important to gather relevant information and data. This can be done through research, consultation with experts, or by analyzing existing data sets.

3. Once the information is gathered, the next step is to analyze it. This involves identifying patterns, trends, and potential solutions. It is important to consider all possible options and weigh their pros and cons.

4. After analysis, a decision must be made. This is often the most challenging part of the process, as it requires weighing the available information and choosing the best course of action.

5. Finally, the chosen solution must be implemented. This involves putting the plan into action and monitoring the results. It is important to be flexible and willing to make adjustments if necessary.

6. The last step is to evaluate the outcome. This involves assessing the effectiveness of the solution and determining if the problem has been successfully resolved.

7. In conclusion, the process of problem-solving is a systematic approach that involves identifying the problem, gathering information, analyzing it, making a decision, implementing the solution, and evaluating the outcome.

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